



UNHCR VENDOR REGISTRATION FORM – (Rev. June 18)

(Please refer to the ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR COMPLETION on page 4.)

Section 1: Company Details and General Information

1. Company name (full legal name):	
2. Street Address: Postal Code: City: Country:	3. P.O. Box and Mailing Address:
4. Tel:	5. Fax:
6. Email:	7. Company Website:
8. Contact Name and Job Title:	
9. Email:	
10. Parent Company (Full legal / officially registered company name):	
11. Names of owner(s) and principals – Subsidiaries / Affiliates / CEO / Managing Director / Managing Member and those with controlling interests if applicable (attach a List if necessary):	
12. International Offices/Representation (Countries where the Company has local Offices/Representation):	
13. Type of Business (Mark one only): Corporate/ Limited: <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership: <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify):	
14. Nature of Business: Manufacturer: <input type="checkbox"/> Authorised Agent: <input type="checkbox"/> Trader: <input type="checkbox"/> Consulting Company <input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify):	
15. Year Established ¹ :	16. Number of Full-time Employees:
17. Licence no./State where registered and validity date:	18. VAT No./Tax I.D.:

Section 2: Banking Information – *OPTIONAL – to be provided only if payment from UNHCR is expected*

19. Bank Name (and Bank ID if any):	20. Branch Name (and Branch Code if any):
21. Branch Address:	22. Tel. number:
	23. Fax number:
24. Bank Account Number:	25. Account Name ² :
26. Account currency ³ :	27. Swift/Bank Identifier Code (BIC):
28. International Bank Account Number (IBAN):	
29. Routing Bank details (if applicable): full details to be provided as per above	

¹ 3 years of operation is a minimum.

² The Account name is the Name that the Bank uses for the Company. It should be the same as the Company Name as stated in section 1 above. A copy of a Bank Statement matching Vendor Name and Address should be provided.

³ If multiple bank accounts exist that may be relevant to UNHCR (e.g. in different currencies), please provide full details for each account. A separate proof for each Account should be provided. Payments will only be made to accounts included here. Only one Bank Account per currency can be accepted.

Section 3: Technical Capability and Information on Goods / Services Offered

30. For Goods only, do those offered for supply conform to National/International Quality Standards?
 Yes No

31. List below up to a maximum of ten (10) of your core Goods/Services offered:

Description (one Line for each Item)	National/International Quality Standard to which Item conforms

Section 4: Experience

32. Recent Contracts with the UN and/or other International Aid Organizations:

<u>Organization:</u>	<u>Value:</u>	<u>Year:</u>	<u>Goods/Services Supplied:</u>	<u>Destination:</u>
_____	USD _____	_____	_____	_____
_____	USD _____	_____	_____	_____
_____	USD _____	_____	_____	_____
_____	USD _____	_____	_____	_____

33. Do you have outstanding bankruptcy, judgment or pending legal action that could impair operating as a *going concern*? Yes No
 If available, please provide Credit Rating by Dun and Bradstreet or equivalent:

34. Please list any Disputes and Bankruptcy your Company has been involved in with UN Organizations over the last 3 Years:

Section 5: UN Global Compact Initiative

35. Is your company aware of the UN Secretary General's Global Compact initiative, which can be viewed at <http://www.unglobalcompact.org>?
 Yes No
 If yes, have you signed up to this initiative or are you going to sign up to? Please state:

Section 6: Environment

36. Does your Company have a written Statement of its Environmental Policy? (If yes, please attach a Copy)
 Yes No

37. Does your organisation hold any accreditation such as ISO 14001 related to the environment?
 Yes No If yes, please attach a copy.

Section 7: UN Supplier Code of Conduct

38. Vendor who wish to do business with UNHCR are required to comply with the UN Supplier Code of Conduct. Please download and read the [UN Supplier Code of Conduct](#).

I accept the UN Supplier Code of Conduct.

Section 8: Official not to benefit

39. By signing this VRF, potential vendors confirm that they have read, understood and will comply with the UNHCR policy on the "zero tolerance" that strictly prohibits the acceptance of any type of gift and/or hospitality by UN staff members participating in the procurement process. Please confirm.

Yes

No

Any breach of this clause may lead to the termination of all contracts your Company may have with UNHCR and removal from the approved vendor database.

Section 9: Others

40. Is your company already registered with the United Nations Global Marketplace (UNGM)? If so, please provide registration number.

41. Certification:

I, the undersigned, hereby accept the UNHCR General Conditions, a copy of which has been provided to me, and warrant that the information provided in this form is correct and, in the event of changes, details will be provided as soon as possible:

42. **Self-Declaration:** I, the undersigned, declare that:

(a) Our company is not involved in any fraudulent or corrupt activities and has not been in the past, and is not currently under any investigation for any such activities which would render our company unsuitable for business dealing with UNHCR.

(b) Our company is not on, or associated with a company or individual, groups, undertakings and entities that are on the consolidated list established and maintained by the committee established by the UN Resolution No. 1267 (www.un.org/sc/committees/1267/consolist.html).

(c) Our company is not on, or associated with a company or individual that are subject to the list of Independent Inquiry Committee into United Nations Oil-for-food programme (www.iic-offp.org).

(d) Our company is not currently removed, invalidated or suspended by any other UN Headquarters, or Field Offices or any other UN Agencies (including the World Bank)

Name:
Stamp and Signature:

Functional Title:
Date:

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR COMPLETION

The form should be typewritten in uppercase and completed clearly and accurately ensuring that all questions are answered. The numbers below correspond to item numbers on the registration form:

Section 1:

11. Please provide, on a separate sheet if necessary, names and addresses of all subsidiaries & associates if any.
12. Please provide countries where the company has local offices or representation.
15. Year Established: 3 years of operation is a minimum.
17. Provide the license number under which the company is registered, or the State where it is registered and copy of certificate of registration or incorporation.

Section 2:

25. Name under which the bank account is held (**important:** this should be the company name). Following UNHCR payment policies, any decisions to permit third party payment are at the sole discretion of UNHCR and are subject to detailed scrutiny and special approval. Any proposed different names on the bank account should be clearly explained and fully justified. A copy of a Bank Statement matching Vendor Name and Address should be provided.
26. If multiple bank accounts exist that may be relevant to UNHCR (e.g. in different currencies), please provide full details for each account. A separate proof for each Account should be provided. Payments will only be made to accounts included here. Only one Bank Account per currency can be accepted.
27. Bank Identifier is transit number for US and Canada and Swift code for Europe and the rest of the world.
28. International Bank Account Number (IBAN).
29. Should a routing be required for international payments, please provide full details of intermediate bank(s).

Section 3:

30. Indicate whether the company's products conform to national/international standards. If yes please attach copies of the certificates.

Section 4:

32. Enter the name(s) of UN organizations which your company has dealt with recently. Provide the value and the year of the contract, the goods/services supplied and the country of destination of each contract.

Section 5:

35. Please confirm if your company is aware of the UN Global Compact Initiatives – ten universally accepted principles of Human Rights, Labour, Environment and Anti-Corruption – by marking Yes or No. Also, please state if you have signed up to this initiative or you intend to do so.

Section 6:

36. The Earth Summit, held in Rio de Janeiro in 1992, emphasised the necessity to protect and renew the earth's limited resources. Agenda 21 was adopted by 178 governments and lays an emphasis for the UN to exercise leadership, i.e. towards promoting environmental sensitive procurement policies for goods and services. Please indicate whether your company has a written statement of its Environmental Policy and, if so, please provide a copy.

Section 8:

39. Official benefits: UNHCR adopted “zero tolerance” policy that strictly prohibits the acceptance of any type of gift and/or hospitality by UN staff members participating in the procurement process. Please confirm your acceptance by answering Yes or No if otherwise.

Section 9:

41. Please read carefully the enclosed UNHCR General Term and Conditions, as signing of the form signifies acceptance. The form should be stamped and signed by the person completing it and their name and title should be typed, along with the date.

UN SUPPLIER CODE OF CONDUCT

United Nations Charter: The values enshrined in the United Nations (UN) Charter, *respect for fundamental human rights, social justice and human dignity, and respect for the equal rights of men and women*, serve as overarching values to which suppliers of goods and services to the UN¹ are expected to adhere.

Global Compact: The Global Compact is a voluntary international corporate citizenship network initiated to support the participation of both the private sector and other social actors to advance responsible corporate citizenship and universal social and environmental principles to meet the challenges of globalization. The UN strongly encourages all suppliers to actively participate in the Global Compact. And to that end, this Code of Conduct has been developed with recognition of the importance of the ten principles of the UN Global Compact, and is viewed as an important means of integrating the Compact's principles into the operations of the UN. The Code of Conduct addresses the issues included in the Compact in the areas of human rights, labour, environment and anti-corruption and interpretation of the Code should be undertaken in a manner consistent with the Global Compact. Suppliers interested in supporting the Global Compact and obtaining more information on the ten principles, can visit the Global Compact website at www.unglobalcompact.org.

International Labour Conventions and Recommendations: The International Labour Standards (i.e., Conventions and Recommendations) as established by the tripartite UN specialized agency, the International Labour Organization (ILO), have served as the foundation on which much of this Code of Conduct is based. It is the UN's expectation that any supplier providing products or services to the UN will, in addition to the values of the UN Charter, adhere to the principles concerning International Labour Standards summarized below in paragraphs 4 – 9.²

1. Scope of Application:

The provisions of this Code of Conduct set forth the UN's expectations for all suppliers that are registered with the UN or with whom it does business. The UN expects that these principles apply to suppliers and their employees, parent, subsidiary or affiliate entities, and subcontractors. The UN expects suppliers to ensure that this Code of Conduct is communicated to their employees, parent, subsidiary and affiliated entities as well as any subcontractors, and that it is done in the local language and in a manner that is understood by all. In order for a supplier to be registered as a UN supplier or to do business with the UN, the supplier is required to read and acknowledge that this Code of Conduct provides the minimum standards expected of UN Suppliers. In addition, suppliers should note that certain provisions of this Code of Conduct will be binding on the supplier in the event the supplier is awarded a contract by the UN pursuant to the terms and conditions of any such contract. Failure to comply with certain provisions may also preclude suppliers from being eligible for a contract award, as reflected in the solicitation documents of one or more organizations in the UN. Prospective suppliers are invited to review the specific terms and conditions of contract and procurement policies of the organization(s) within the UN with which they would like to do business in order to ascertain their current and future eligibility.

2. Continuous Improvement:

The provisions as set forth in this Code of Conduct provide the minimum standards expected of suppliers to the UN. The UN expects suppliers to strive to exceed both international and industry best practices. The UN also expects that its suppliers encourage and work with their own suppliers and subcontractors to ensure that they also strive to meet the principles of this Code of Conduct. The UN recognizes that reaching some of the standards established in this Code of Conduct is a dynamic rather than static process and encourages suppliers to continually improve their workplace conditions accordingly.

¹ In this Code of Conduct, "UN" shall refer to the UN Secretariat, Programmes and Funds of the UN, Specialised Agencies of the UN and all other entities belonging to the UN system, that have adopted this Code of Conduct through the High Level Committee on Management - Procurement Network.

² The full texts of the ILO Conventions and Recommendations can be accessed at: <http://www.ilo.org/global/standards/lang--en/index.htm>

3. Management, Monitoring and Evaluation:

It is the expectation of the UN that its suppliers, at a minimum, have established clear goals toward meeting the standards set forth in this Code of Conduct. The UN expects that its suppliers will establish and maintain appropriate management systems related to the content of this Code of Conduct, and that they actively review, monitor and modify their management processes and business operations to ensure they align with the principles set forth in this Code of Conduct. Supplier participants in the Global Compact are strongly encouraged to operationalize its principles and to communicate their progress annually to stakeholders.

Labour:

4. Freedom of Association and Collective Bargaining: The UN expects its suppliers to recognize the freely-exercised right of workers, without distinction, to organize, further and defend their interests and to bargain collectively, as well as to protect those workers from any action or other form of discrimination related to the exercise of their right to organize, to carry out trade union activities and to bargain collectively.³

5. Forced or Compulsory Labour: The UN expects its suppliers to prohibit forced or compulsory labour in all its forms.⁴

6. Child Labour: The UN expects its suppliers not to employ: (a) children below 14 years of age or, if higher than that age, the minimum age of employment permitted by the law of the country or countries where the performance, in whole or in part, of a contract takes place, or the age of the end of compulsory schooling in that country or countries, whichever is higher; and (b) persons under the age of 18 for work that, by its nature or the circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health, safety or morals of such persons.⁵

7. Discrimination: The UN expects its suppliers to ensure equality of opportunity and treatment in respect of employment and occupation without discrimination on grounds of race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin and such other ground as may be recognized under the national law of the country or countries where the performance, in whole or in part, of a contract takes place.⁶ The UN expects its suppliers to take all appropriate measures to ensure that neither themselves nor their parent, subsidiary, affiliate entities or their subcontractors are engaged in any gender-based or other discriminatory employment practices, including those relating to recruitment, promotion, training, remuneration and benefits.

8. Wages, Working Hours and Other Conditions of Work: The UN expects its suppliers to ensure the payment of wages in legal tender, at regular intervals no longer than one month, in full and directly to the workers concerned. Suppliers should keep an appropriate record of such payments. Deductions from wages are permitted only under conditions and to the extent prescribed by the applicable law, regulations or collective agreement, and suppliers should inform the workers concerned of such deductions at the time of each payment. The wages, hours of work and other conditions of work provided by suppliers should be not less favourable than the best conditions prevailing locally (i.e., as contained in: (i) collective agreements covering a substantial proportion of employers and workers; (ii) arbitration awards; or (iii) applicable laws or regulations), for work of the same character performed in the trade or industry concerned in the area where work is carried out.⁷

³These principles are set out in the ILO fundamental Conventions, No. 87, *Freedom of Association and Protection of the Right to Organise*, 1948 and No. 98, *Right to Organise and Collective Bargaining*, 1949.

⁴This principle is set out in the ILO fundamental conventions, No. 29, *Forced Labour*, 1930, its Protocol of 2014 and No. 105, *Abolition of Forced Labour*, 1957.

⁵These principles are set out in the ILO fundamental Conventions, No. 138, *Minimum Age*, 1973 and No. 182, *Worst Forms of Child Labour*, 1999 and in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child.

⁶These principles are set out in the ILO fundamental Conventions, No. 100, *Equal Remuneration*, 1951 and No. 111, *Discrimination (Employment and Occupation)*, 1958.

⁷These principles are set out in ILO Conventions No. 95, *Protection of Wages*, 1949 and No. 94, *Labour Clauses (Public Contracts)*, 1949 and in a number of Conventions addressing working time (see:

<http://www.ilo.org/global/standards/subjects-covered-by-international-labour-standards/working-time/lang--en/index.htm>).

9. Health and Safety: The UN expects its suppliers to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that: (a) the workplaces, machinery, equipment and processes under their control are safe and without risk to health; (b) the chemical, physical and biological substances and agents under their control are without risk to health when the appropriate measures of protection are taken; and (c) where necessary, adequate protective clothing and protective equipment are provided to prevent, so far as is reasonably practicable, risk of accidents or of adverse effects to health.⁸

Human Rights:

10. Human Rights: The UN expects its suppliers to support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights and to ensure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.⁹

11. Harassment, Harsh or Inhumane Treatment: The UN expects its suppliers to create and maintain an environment that treats all employees with dignity and respect. The UN further expects that its suppliers, their parent, subsidiary and affiliated entities as well as any subcontractors, will neither use or engage in, nor allow their employees or other persons engaged by them to use or engage in, any: threats of violence, verbal or psychological harassment or abuse, and/or sexual exploitation and abuse. Sexual exploitation and abuse violate universally recognized international legal norms and standards and have always been unacceptable behaviour and prohibited conduct for the UN. Prior to entering into agreements with the UN, suppliers are informed of the standards of conduct with respect to the prohibition of sexual exploitation and abuse, expected by the UN. Such standards include, but are not limited to, the prohibition of: (1) engaging in any sexual activity with any person under the age of 18, regardless of any laws of majority or consent, (2) exchanging any money, employment, goods, services, or other things of value, for sex, and/or (3) engaging in any sexual activity that is exploitive or degrading to any person. The UN expects its suppliers to take all appropriate measures to prohibit their employees or other persons engaged by the suppliers, from engaging in sexual exploitation and abuse. The UN also expects its suppliers to create and maintain an environment that prevents sexual exploitation and abuse. United Nations contracts will contain provisions concerning a supplier's obligation to take appropriate measures to prevent sexual exploitation and abuse. The failure by a supplier to take preventive measures against sexual exploitation or abuse, to investigate allegations thereof, or to take corrective action when sexual exploitation or abuse has occurred, constitute grounds for termination of any agreement with the United Nations. Moreover, no harsh or inhumane treatment coercion or corporal punishment of any kind is tolerated, nor is there to be the threat of any such treatment.

12. Mines: The UN expects its suppliers not to engage in the sale or manufacture of anti-personnel mines or components utilized in the manufacture of anti-personnel mines.

Environment:

13. Environmental: The UN expects its suppliers to have an effective environmental policy and to comply with existing legislation and regulations regarding the protection of the environment. Suppliers should wherever possible support a precautionary approach to environmental matters, undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility and encourage the diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies implementing sound life-cycle practices.

14. Chemical and Hazardous Materials: Chemical and other materials posing a hazard if released to the environment are to be identified and managed to ensure their safe handling, movement, storage, recycling or reuse and disposal.

15. Wastewater and Solid Waste: Wastewater and solid waste generated from operations, industrial processes and sanitation facilities are to be monitored, controlled and treated as required prior to discharge or disposal.

⁸These principles are set out in the ILO Conventions, Recommendations and Codes of Practice (see: <http://www.ilo.org/global/standards/subjects-covered-by-international-labour-standards/occupational-safety-and-health/lang-en/index.htm>).

⁹These principles are derived from Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) and are set out in the United Nations Global Compact (see http://www.unglobalcompact.org/Issues/human_rights/index.html)

16. Air Emissions: Air emissions of volatile organic chemicals, aerosols, corrosives, particulates, ozone depleting chemicals and combustion by-products generated from operations are to be characterized, monitored, controlled and treated as required prior to discharge or disposal.

17. Minimize Waste, Maximize Recycling: Waste of all types, including water and energy, are to be reduced or eliminated at the source or by practices such as modifying production, maintenance and facility processes, materials substitution, conservation, recycling and re-using materials.

Ethical conduct:

18. Corruption: The UN expects its suppliers to adhere to the highest standards of moral and ethical conduct, to respect local laws and not engage in any form of corrupt practices, including but not limited to extortion, fraud, or bribery.

19. Conflict of Interest: UN suppliers are expected to disclose to the UN any situation that may appear as a conflict of interest, and disclose to the UN if any UN official or professional under contract with the UN may have an interest of any kind in the supplier's business or any kind of economic ties with the supplier.

20. Gifts and Hospitality: The UN has a “zero tolerance” policy and does not accept any type of gift or any offer of hospitality. The UN will not accept any invitations to sporting or cultural events, offers of holidays or other recreational trips, transportation, or invitations to lunches or dinners. The UN expects its suppliers not to offer any benefit such as free goods or services, employment or sales opportunity to a UN staff member in order to facilitate the suppliers’ business with the UN.

21. Post employment restrictions: Post-employment restrictions may apply to UN staff in service and former UN staff members who participated in the procurement process, if such persons had prior professional dealings with suppliers. UN suppliers are expected to refrain from offering employment to any such person for a period of one year following separation from service.

Contacts:

Any questions related to this Code of Conduct can be addressed to the High Level Committee on Management - Procurement Network (HLCM-PN) at email: hcmpn.secretariat@one.un.org.